| Nr | Label | Fullname | Description | Image | Formula |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 10 | Δ% | Delta percent | Delta percentage from Y to X, keeping Y on stack | DELTAPC.png | $\Delta\% = 100 * \frac{X - Y}{Y}$ |
| 20 | Δ%x̄ | Delta percentage to mean | Delta percentage from ? to x using statistics matrix (STATS) | DPCMEAN.png | $\Delta\%\overline{x} = 100 * \frac{X - \overline{x}}{\overline{x}}$ |
| 30 | iΠn | Integer product (programmable) | Integer product using specified program, with iteration counter, interrupt by keypress | iPIn.png | $i\Pi_n = \prod_{n=Z,\ step\ X}^{Y} F(n)$ |
| 40 | iΣn | Integer sum (programmable) | Integer sum using specified program, with iteration counter, interrupt by keypress | iSIGMAn.png | $i\Sigma_n = \sum_{n=Z,\ step\ X}^{Y} F(n)$ |
| 50 | % | Percent | X Percent of Y, keeping Y on stack | PC.png | $\% = \frac{X}{100} * Y$ |
| 60 | %MRR | Mean rate of return | Mean rate of return in percentage per period | PCMRR.png | $\%\mathrm{MRR} = 100 * \sqrt[z]{\frac{X - Y}{Y}}$ |
| 70 | %+MG | Add margin to cost | Add margin of X to cost of Y | PCPMG.png | $\%{+}\mathrm{MG} = \frac{Y}{1 - \frac{X}{100}}$ |
| 80 | %Σ | Percentage of sum | Percentage of x to Σx | PCSIGMA.png | $\%\Sigma = \frac{100 * X}{\sum_X}$ |
| 90 | %T | Percentage of total | Percentage of total, keeping Y on stack | PCT.png | $\%T = 100 * \frac{X}{Y}$ |
| 100 | Πn | Product (programmable) | Real or complex product using specified program, with iteration counter, interrupt by keypress | PIn.png | $\Pi_n = \prod_{n=Z,\ step\ X}^{Y} F(n)$ |
| 110 | ε | Scattering factor for a lognormal sample | Scattering factor for a lognormal sample | SCATTFACT.png | $ln\left(\epsilon_x\right) = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} ln^2\left(x_i\right) - 2n.ln\left(\overline{x}_G\right)}{n - 1}}$ |
| 120 | εm | Scattering factor of the geometric mean | Scattering factor of the geometric mean | SCATTFACTm.png | $\epsilon_m = \epsilon^{\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}}$ |
| 130 | εp | Scattering factor for a lognormal population | Scattering factor for a lognormal population | SCATTFACTp.png | $ln\left(\epsilon_p\right) = \sqrt{\frac{n - 1}{n}} ln\left(\epsilon\right)$ |
| 140 | Σn | Sum (programmable) | Real or complex sum using specified program, with iteration counter, interrupt by keypress | SIGMAn.png | $\Sigma_n = \sum_{n=Z,\ step\ X}^{Y} F(n)$ |

| Nr | Label | Fullname | Description | Image | Formula |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 150 | $s_m$ | Standard error of the mean | Standard error of the mean | SM.png | $s_m = \frac{s_x}{\sqrt{n}}$ |
| 160 | $s_{mw}$ | Standard error of the weighted mean | Standard error of the weighted mean | SMW.png | $s_{mw} = \frac{1}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} y_i} \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} y_i \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i^2 y_i - \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i y_i\right)^2}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} y_i - 1}}$ |
| 170 | $\sigma$ | Population standard deviation | Population standard deviation | STDDEV.png | $\sigma_x = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \overline{x})^2}$ |
| 180 | $\sigma_w$ | Weighted population standard deviation | Weighted population standard deviation | STDDEVPOP.png | $\sigma_w = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} y_i \left(x_i - \overline{x}_w\right)^2}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} y_i}}$ |
| 190 | $s$ | Sample standard deviation | Sample standard deviation | STDDEVWEIGHTED.png | $s_x = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \overline{x})^2}$ |
| 200 | $s_w$ | Weighted population standard deviation | Weighted population standard deviation | SW.png | $s_w = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} y_i \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i^2 y_i - \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i y_i\right)^2}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} y_i \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} y_i - 1\right)}}$ |
| 210 | $\overline{x}$ | Arithmetic means | Arithmetic means | XBAR.png | $\overline{x} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i$ |
| 220 | $\overline{x}_G$ | Geometric means | Geometric means | XG.png | $\overline{x}_G = \sqrt[n]{\prod_{i=1}^{n} x_i}$ |
| 230 | $\overline{x}_H$ | Harmonic means | Harmonic means | XH.png | $\overline{x}_H = \frac{n}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{x_i}}$ |
| 240 | $\overline{x}_{RMS}$ | Quadratic means | Quadratic means (root mean square) | XRMS2.png | $\overline{x}_{\mathrm{RMS}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i^2}$ |
| 250 | $\overline{x}_w$ | Weighted mean | Weighted means of x with weight y | XW.png | $\overline{x}_w = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i y_i}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} y_i}$ |